

MARKED UP COPY
10/812, 710

UNITED STATES PLANT PATENT APPLICATION

of

L. PERNILLE AND MOGENS N. OLESEN

for

COMPACT FLORIBUNDA

ROSE PLANT NAMED

'POULac010'

COMPACT FLORIBUNDA
ROSE PLANT NAMED

'POULac010'

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A new garden rose plant of the compact floribunda class which has abundant, pink flowers and attractive foliage. This new and distinct variety has shown to be uniform and stable in the resulting generations from asexual propagation.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION

Rosa hybrida

VARIETY DENOMINATION

5

'POULac010'

10 The present invention constitutes a new and distinct
variety of garden rose plant which originated from a
controlled crossing between a female parent 'POULmax',
described and illustrated in U.S. Plant Patent Application
No. 10/192,746 ~~issued on~~ DATED July 9, 2002 and the unnamed male
parent. The two parents were crossed during the summer of
1992 and the resulting seeds were planted in a controlled
environment in Fredensborg, Denmark. The new variety is
15 named 'POULac010'.

The new variety may be distinguished from its female
seed parent, 'POULmax' by the following combination of
characteristics:

1. While the seed parent 'POULmax' has a
20 flower bud color of Red Group 46C to 47D
the same of 'POULac010' is Red-Purple
Group 58A to 58B.
2. While the seed parent 'POULmax' has a
petal count of 18 to 22 petals the same of
25 'POULac010' is ~~36~~ 40 to 45 petals.

3. While the seed parent 'POULmax' has a general tonality of Red Group 43C the same of 'POULac010' is Red-Purple Group 58C.

5 The new variety may be distinguished from its unnamed male pollen parent, by the following combination of characteristics:

1. While the pollen parent has flower tonality which is true red, 'POULac010' is
10 Red-Purple Group 58D.
2. While the pollen parent has a larger flower bud size than that of 'Poulac010'.

15 The objective of the hybridization of this rose variety was to create a new and distinct variety for garden use with unique qualities, such as:

1. Uniform and abundant pink flowers;
2. Vigorous, but compact growth when propagated both as a budded rose and on
20 its own roots;
3. Disease resistance.

25 This combination of qualities is not present in previously available commercial cultivars of this type, known to the inventors, and distinguish 'POULac010' from all other varieties of which we are aware.

As part of their rose development program, L. Pernille Olesen and Mogens N. Olesen germinated the seeds from the aforementioned hybridization during winter of 1992 and conducted evaluations on the resulting seedlings in a controlled environment in Fredensborg, Denmark.

'POULac010' was selected in the spring 1993 by the inventors as a single plant from the progeny of the aforementioned hybridization.

Asexual reproduction of 'POULac010' by traditional budding and rooted cuttings was first done by L. Pernille and Mogens N. Olesen in their nursery in Fredensborg, Denmark in July, 1993. This initial and other subsequent asexual propagations conducted in controlled environments have demonstrated that the characteristics of 'POULac010' are true to type and are transmitted from one generation to the next.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying color illustration shows as true as is reasonably possible to obtain in color photographs of this type, the typical characteristics of the buds, flowers, leaves, and stems, of 'POULac010'. Specifically illustrated in SHEET 1:

Fig 1.1; Open flower, and cluster of open

flowers, showing branching, and the
attachment of leaves, buds, and
peduncles;

Fig 1.2; Sepals, peduncles, receptacles;

5 Fig 1.3; Flower petals, detached;

Fig 1.4; Compound leaf;

Fig 1.5; Bare stem exhibiting thorns.

10 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

The following is a description of 'POULac010', as
observed in its growth in a field nursery in Jackson
County, Oregon. Observed plants were budded on to *Rosa*
15 *multiflora* root stock and are 3 years of age. Color
references are made using the Royal Horticultural Society
(London, England) Colour Chart, 1995, except where common
terms of color are used.

20 For a comparison, several physical characteristics
of the rose variety 'Poulmona', a rose variety from the
same inventors described and illustrated in U.S. Plant
Patent Application No. 10/211,119 dated August 2, 2002,
are compared to 'POULac010' in Chart 1.

25

CHART 1

	'POULac010'	'POULmona'
General tonality	Red-Purple Group 58C	Red-Purple Group 58B
Petalage	45 petals <u>40 TO 45 PETALS.</u>	25 to 30 petals
Bud Color at 1/4 open.	Red-Purple Group 58 A to 58 B	Red-Purple Group 58 B and C
Compound leaf measurements	80 mm (l) x 45 mm (w)	90 mm (l) x 75 mm (w)

Parents:

Female Seed Parent: 'POULmax'

Male Pollen Parent: Unnamed plant

FLOWER AND FLOWER BUD

Blooming habit: Continuous.

Flower bud:

Size: Upon opening, 27 mm in length from base of receptacle to end of bud.

Bud form: Pointed ovoid.

Bud color: As sepals unfold, petals are
Red-Purple Group 58A to 58B.

Sepals:

Upper Surface:

5 Color: Yellow-Green Group 144B to
144A.

Surface: Moderately pubescent.

Lower Surface:

Color: Yellow-Green Group 144B.

10 Sepal Shape: Sepal apex is cirrhose.
Base is flat at union with
receptacle.

15 Sepal Margin: Margins have no foliaceous
appendages on three of the
five sepals.

Size: 21 mm (l) x 7 mm (w).

Receptacle:

Surface Texture: Smooth.

Shape: Urn-shaped.

20 Size: 6 mm (h) x 6 mm (w).

Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A.

PEDICEL: ~~Peduncle:~~

Surface: Smooth and glabrous.

Length: 30 to 35 mm in length.

25 DIAMETER 2.5 mm.
Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A.

Open flower,

upper part: flat.

lower part: concave.

Petalage: 40 to 45 petals under normal conditions

5

~~with 12 petaloids.~~ 5 to 10 of which
ARE PETALIDS ,

Color:

Upon opening, petals:

Outermost petals:

10

Outer side: Red-Purple Group 58A to
58B.

Inner Side: Red-Purple Group 58C.

Innermost petals:

Outer side: Red-Purple Group 58B to
58C.

15

Inner Side: Red-Purple Group 58C.

Upon opening, basal petal spots:

Outermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 5B.

Inner Side: Yellow Group 5B.

20

Innermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 5B.

Inner Side: Yellow Group 5B.

After opening, petals:

Outermost petals:

25

Outer side: Red-Purple Group 58D with

light intonations of Red-
Purple Group 58B.

Inner Side: Red-Purple Group 58D.

Innermost petals:

5 Outer side: Red-Purple Group 58C to 58D,
~~58~~-with
light intonations of Red-
Purple Group 58B.

Inner Side: Red-Purple Group 58D.

After opening, basal petal spots:

10 Outermost petals:

Outer Side: Yellow Group 5C.

Inner Side: Yellow Group 5C.

Innermost petals:

Outer Side: Yellow Group 5C.

15 Inner Side: Yellow Group 5C.

General Tonality: On open flower Red-Purple Group
58C. No change in the general
tonality at the end of the 10th
20 day.

Petals:

Petal Reflex: Somewhat reflexed.

Margin: Entire and uniform.

Shape: Apex: Round.

25 Base: Acute.

Size: Variable. Outer petals are 30
mm(l) x 30 mm(w). Inner petals
are 28 mm (l) x 15 mm (w).

Texture: Smooth.

5 Thickness: Average.

Arrangement: Not Formal.

Petaloids:

Quantity: 10 to 15.

Color:

10 Upper Surface: Red-Purple Group 58D.
Lower Surface: Red-Purple Group 58D.

Size: 23 mm (l) x 15 mm (w).

Shape: Apex is rounded. Base is
acute.

15

Reproductive Organs:

Pistils:

Length: 4 mm.

Quantity: 35.

20 Pollen: None observed.

Anthers:

Size: 2 mm in length.

Color: Greyed-Yellow Group 162A.

Quantity: 40 (actual count).

25 Filaments:

Thorns:

Incidence: 14 thorns per 10 cm of stem.

Size: Average length: 6 mm.

~~Color: Greyed Orange Group 175B.~~

5

Shape: Concave.

COLOR: MATURE THORNS ARE YELLOW GREEN
GROUP 146C. JUVENILE THORNS ARE
GREYED ORANGE GROUP 176A.

Plant foliage: Normal number of leaflets on
normal leaves in middle of the
stem: 5 to 7 leaflets.

10

Compound Leaf size: On average, compound
leaves are 80 mm in length
by 45 mm wide.

Color:

Mature Foliage:

15

Upper surface is Yellow-Green Group
147A to 147B. Lower surface is
Yellow-Green Group 146B.

Juvenile foliage:

20

Upper surface is Yellow-Green Group
144A with intonations of Yellow-Green
Group 152A. Lower surface is Yellow-
Green Group 144A with Yellow-Green
Group 152A. Anthocyanic intonations
the color of Greyed-Orange Group 173A
observed.

25

Anthocyanin:

Location: New shoots and leaves.

Color: Greyed-Orange Group 173A.

5 Plant leaves and leaflets:

Stipules:

Size: 25 mm in length.

Quantity: 2 per compound leaf.

10 Margins: Medium to average quantity
of stipitate glands
observed.

Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A.

Petiole:

Length: 27 mm.

15 DIAMETER: 2 mm.
Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A to
144B. Anthocyanic
intonations the color of
Greyed-Red Group 181A
observed.

20 Underneath: Prickles.

Observations: Few stipitate glands on
upper surface.

Rachis:

Length: 35 to 40 mm.

25 Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A to

144B.

Underneath: Prickles.

Observations: Few stipitate glands on
upper surface.

5 Leaflet:

Margins: Doubly serrated.

Size: Average size of the
terminal leaflet on normal
leaves 22 to 30 mm (l) x
10 16 to 27 mm (w).

Shape: Ovate to round. Leaflet
base is cuneate. Leaflet
apex is cuspidate.

Arrangement: Odd pinnate.

15 Venation: Reticulate.

Texture: Smooth.

Glossiness: Glossy.

Disease resistance:

20 Above average resistance to mildew, rust, black
spot, and Botrytis under normal growing conditions in
Jackson County, Oregon.

Cold Hardiness:

The variety 'POULac010' has been found to be cold
25 tolerant to USDA Cold Hardiness Zone 6.

CLAIM

5 A new and distinct variety of rose plant of the
compact floribunda rose class, substantially as herein
illustrated and described as a distinct and novel rose
variety due to its abundant pink, disease resistance, and
extended period of bloom.